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APPLICATION NO.	F	ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/806,455 03/23/2004		03/23/2004	Kazutoshi Higashiyama	A8319.0013/P013-A	1223
24998	7590	09/20/2005		EXAMINER	
DICKSTEI 2101 L Stree		IRO MORIN & OS	WILLS, MC	WILLS, MONIQUE M	
Washington,		037	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
				1746	

DATE MAILED: 09/20/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
•		10/806,455	HIGASHIYAMA ET AL.			
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
		Monique M. Wills	1746			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication apor Reply	opears on the cover sheet with t	the correspondence address			
WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING Insions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. In period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perior to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statutely reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 136(a). In no event, however, may a reply d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS at a cause the application to become ABANI	TION. be timely filed from the mailing date of this communication. DONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
1) 又	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 23	June 2004				
·		is action is non-final.				
3)	Since this application is in condition for allow		nrosecution as to the merits is			
٠,٣	closed in accordance with the practice under					
Disposit	ion of Claims					
· _	Claim(s) 1,5 and 16-24 is/are pending in the	annlication				
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdr					
	Claim(s) <u>5</u> is/are allowed.	ami irom consideration.				
·	Claim(s) <u>1 and 16-24</u> is/are rejected.					
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.		•			
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	or election requirement.				
Applicati	ion Papers					
_	The specification is objected to by the Examir	205				
	The drawing(s) filed on 23 March 2004 is/are:		and to by the Everiner			
لحصارها						
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre					
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the E					
	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119	Examiner. Note the diddined of	mee Adion of form 1 10-132.			
	•	un neigrity under 25 LLC C C 44	10(a) (d) az (6)			
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig ⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:	in phoney under 35 0.5.C. § 11	19(a)-(u) or (t).			
a)ı	△ An b) Some c) None or.1. Certified copies of the priority documer	ata haya haan ragaiyad	•			
			lication No			
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).					
* 5	See the attached detailed Office action for a list	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	reived			
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Attachmen						
1) A Notic	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)		mary (PTO-413) ail Date			
3) 🛛 Inforr	nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08	3) 5) Notice of Inform	mal Patent Application (PTO-152)			
	r No(s)/Mail Date <u>3/18/04; 7/27/05</u> .	6)				
TOL-326 (R		Action Summary	Part of Paper No./Mail Date 20050918			

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DETAILED ACTION

Information Disclosure Statement

The information disclosure statements filed March 18, 2004 and July 2, 2005 has/have been received and complies with the provisions of 37 CFR 1.97, 1.98 and MPEP § 609.

Allowable Subject Matter

Claim 5 is allowable over the prior art of record, because the prior art is silent to a hydrogen producing device for supplying at least one type of material to a reaction part together with air, oxygen or an oxidizing agent to produce hydrogen including selecting from n₁ pre-set values a flow rate which was previously determined corresponding to required hydrogen production volumes; and for air, oxygen or oxidizing agent, supply amount of air, oxygen or oxidizing agent is set by selecting one from predetermined n₂ pre-set values of flow rates, where n₁ is smaller than n₂.

Claim 1 would be allowable over the prior art of record, because the prior art does not disclose the use of two or more on/off valves to control the flow of reactants within a fuel cell system, to provide preset flows.

Claims 16-24 would be allowable based on their dependence to claims 1 and 5.

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Double Patenting

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 1 & 16-24 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1, 5-8 & 10 of U.S. Patent No. 6,890,673. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because they have common subject matter as follows:

Claim 1 of '673 embraces instant claims 1 & 16-19 by necessitating: a hydrogen producing device for supplying at least one type of material to a reaction part together with air, oxygen, or an oxidizing agent to produce hydrogen by a specific chemical reaction, wherein: for the at least one type of material, supply amount of each material is set by on/off combination of two or more valves each of which is capable of providing a preset flow; and for the air, oxygen, or oxidizing agent, supply amount of the air, oxygen, or oxidizing agent is set by controlling opening of a variable-flow valve so that temperature of the reaction part is within a preset temperature range.

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The reference does not expressly disclose determining set values based on require hydrogen production volumes; employing fuel cell or power sources; and using the recovered exhaust heat fort water.

However, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the instant invention was made to determine set values based on hydrogen production volumes, in order to meet the hydrogen demand of the specific chemical reaction.

With respect to claims 16-18, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the instant invention was made to employ the hydrogen producing device in a fuel cell or power source, in order generate electricity to meet power demands of the consuming device.

With respect to claim 19, it would have been obvious to recover exhaust heat for hot water to reduce energy demand and processing costs.

Claim 5 of '673 embraces instant claim 20 by necessitating: at least one type of material including two types of materials which are water and methane.

Claim 6 of '673 embraces instant claim 21 by necessitating: the at least one type of material includes two types of materials which are water and methanol.

Claim 7 of '673 embraces instant claim 22 by necessitating: the at least one type of material includes one type of material which is an aqueous solution of methanol.

Claim 8 of '673 embraces instant claim 23 by necessitating: that the hydrogen producing device produces the hydrogen by a combined reforming method in which a combination of an exothermic reaction and an endothermic reaction is employed.

Claim 10 of '673 embraces instant claim 24 by necessitating: at least one of the flow setting means provided to the supply systems for the air, oxygen, or oxidizing agent and the at least one type of material includes on-off valves connected in parallel.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the Examiner should be directed to Monique Wills whose telephone number is (571) 272-1309. The Examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 8:30am to 5:00 pm.

If attempts to reach Examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the Examiner's supervisor, Michael Barr, may be reached at 571-272-1414. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR.

Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov.Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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FRANKIE L. STINSON PRIMARY EXAMINER GROUP 3489 1700